

SAFETY DATA SHEET HYPOCLOR 10

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name HYPOCLOR 10 - 10% Bleach

Product number J22

Container size 5 Litres

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier CleanSource Professional (GB)

Brickfield House Meadow Street Swansea, South Wales SA1 6RZ, UNITED KINGDOM

Tel: 01792 582 000 Fax: 01792 582 111

Email: info@clean-source.com Web: www.clean-source.com

Contact person

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone NHS: 111 (Strictly for emergencies only: incidents involving damage to human

health and/or the environment)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Corr. 1B - H314

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Classification (67/548/EEC or Xi;R36/38. N;R50. R31. **1999/45/EC)**

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Contains SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, ... % CI ACTIVE

Detergent labelling 5 - < 15% chlorine-based bleaching agents

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P234 Keep only in original container.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

P391 Collect spillage. P405 Store locked up.

P406 Store in corrosive resistant/... container with a resistant inner liner. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, ... % CI ACTIVE

5-10%

CAS number: 7681-52-9 EC number: 231-668-3 REACH registration number: 01-

2119488154-34-XXXX

M factor (Acute) = 10

Classification

Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)

C;R34 R31 N;R50

Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

Met. Corr. 1 - H290

Aquatic Acute 1 - H400

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Keep affected person warm and at

rest. Get medical attention immediately. For breathing difficulties, oxygen may be necessary.

Ingestion Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Give plenty of water to drink. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash

skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after

washing.

Eye contact Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove any contact lenses and open

eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention

immediately. Continue to rinse.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Get medical attention

immediately.

Inhalation Gas (chlorine), emitted under fire or acidic conditions, is toxic by inhalation.

Ingestion Will immediately cause corrosion of, and damage to, the gastrointestinal tract.

Skin contact May cause serious chemical burns to the skin.

Eye contact May cause severe inflammation, corneal ulcers and permanent impairment of vision.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Symptomatic treatment and supportive therapy as indicated.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Contact with some metals eg. aluminium, zinc can produce flammable hydrogen.gas.

Oxidising agent; may assist combustion. Containers may burst if overheated.

Hazardous combustion

products

Fire or high temperatures create: Chlorine. Oxides of the following substances: Chlorine.

Hydrogen chloride (HCI).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautionsWear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid or minimise the creation of any environmental contamination. Avoid discharge into

drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Stop leak if possible without risk. Absorb in

vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Flush contaminated area with plenty

of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For waste disposal, see Section 13. See Section 11 for additional information on health

hazards.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the formation of mists. Provide

adequate ventilation. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid contact with acids and other

cleaning agents.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash hands and any other contaminated areas of the body with soap

and water before leaving the work site.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly-closed, original container in a well-ventilated place. Acids. Suitable containers:

high density polyethylene.

Storage class Corrosive storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Ingredient comments

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s). In case of Chlorine emmission, the WEL for

Chlorine should be observed: Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) 1 ppm / 2.9 mg/m3. Long Term Exposure Limit (LTEL) 0.5 ppm / 1.5 mg/m3. WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION, ... % CI ACTIVE (CAS: 7681-52-9)

DNEL Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1.55 mg/m³

Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.55 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 3.1 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 3.1 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1.55 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.55 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 3.1 mg/m³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 3.1 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.26 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 0.00021 mg/l

Marine water; 0.000042 mg/lIntermittent release; 0.00026 mg/l

- STP; 0.03 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield.

Hand protection Wear protective gloves. Neoprene. Nitrile rubber. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC).

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact. Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk

assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Wash hands at the end of each work shift and

before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Use appropriate skin cream to

prevent drying of skin.

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection not normally required. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory

protection must be worn. Type approved for mists if OES likely to be exceeded. Wear a

respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Gas filter, type B.

Environmental exposure

controls

Users should be aware of environmental considerations and their duties under the environmental protection act. Further information may be found on Government websites: www.dti.gov.uk/access/index/htm and www.envirowise.gov.uk.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour Green-yellow.

Odour Chlorine.

Odour threshold Not applicable.

pH pH (concentrated solution): 12.3

Melting point Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and range Not applicable.

Flash point Not applicable.

Evaporation rate Not determined.

Evaporation factor Not applicable.

Vapour pressure Not determined.

Vapour density Not determined.

Relative density 1.08 @ 20°C

Bulk density Not applicable.

Solubility(ies) Soluble in water.

Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable.

Decomposition Temperature Not applicable.

Viscosity Not determined.

Explosive properties Not applicable

Oxidising properties Not applicable.

Comments Information given is applicable to the product as supplied.

9.2. Other information

Other information Not relevant.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts with many inorganic and organic compounds Contact with acids liberates toxic

chlorine gas.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable under the prescribed storage conditions. Decomposes over time. Factors that increase

the rate of decomposition: increase in temperature, certain metallic impurities, high initial

concentration, fall in pH below 11and exposure to light.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

Contact with acids liberates toxic chlorine gas. Oxidising agent; may assist combustion.

reactions Reacts with ammonia solutions and amines to form explosive compounds.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Acids. Ammonium compounds. Organic compounds. Metals, particularly copper, nickel and

iron.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Chlorine.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological effectsData for sodium hypochlorite solution 15% shows low acute oral toxicity: LC50(rat, oral) 1100

mg/kg (as available chlorine).

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

General information This product has low toxicity.

Inhalation Gas or vapour may irritate the respiratory system.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause severe irritation of the mouth, the oesophagus and the gastrointestinal

tract.

Skin contact May cause serious chemical burns to the skin.

Eye contact A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Corneal damage.

Acute and chronic health

hazards

Gas (chlorine), emitted under fire or acidic conditions, is toxic by inhalation.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity There are no data on the ecotoxicity of this product.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Concentrations greater that 10ppm or ph value greater than 10.5 may be fatal to fish and

other aquatic organisms.

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants
Can cause damage to aquatic plants.

Acute toxicity - terrestrial Can cause damage to vegetation.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability This product contains inorganic compounds which are not biodegradable. Reacts with organic

substances in soil and sediments and degrades rapidly to chloride salts. Substantially

removed in biological treatment processes.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects There is evidence that sodium hypochlorite inhibits the aerobic treatment process at a

concentration of 0.05 mg/l.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in

accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered.

Disposal methodsDispose of via an authorised and appropriately licensed waste contractor. Packaging is

recyclable. Wash out containers with water before disposal.

Waste class EWC Code: 06 02 04

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1791

UN No. (IMDG) 1791

UN No. (ICAO) 1791

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

(ADR/RID)

HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

Proper shipping name

(IMDG)

HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

Proper shipping name (ICAO) HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

Proper shipping name (ADN) HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 8

ADR/RID subsidiary risk

ADR/RID label 8

IMDG class 8

IMDG subsidiary risk

ICAO class/division 8

ICAO subsidiary risk

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group III

IMDG packing group III

ICAO packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

IMDG Code segregation 8. Hypochlorites

group

EmS F-A, S-B

Emergency Action Code 2X

Hazard Identification Number 80

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No. 2677) (as

amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

The Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005.

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010 amending Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, Commission Directive 2000/39/EC of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at

work (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended by Decision 2001/118/EC establishing a list of wastes and hazardous waste pursuant to Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste and

Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste with amendments.

Guidance Technical Guidance WM2: Hazardous Waste.

COSHH Essentials.

ECHA Guidance on the Application of the CLP Criteria. ECHA Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets.

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment (CSA) has been completed for Sodium hypochlorite.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

EWC European Waste Catalogue

General information Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision date 26.10.2016

Revision 2

SDS number 20445

Risk phrases in full R31 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

R34 Causes burns.

R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin. R50 Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

Hazard statements in full H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.